

RESEARCH AND ANALYSIS SECTION
EMPLOYMENT SECURITY DIVISION
DEPARTMENT OF LABOR AND INDUSTRY
P.O. BOX 1728
Holena, Montana





# MONTANA

# ECONOMIC INDICATORS

AN ANALYSIS OF PAST AND PRESENT ECONOMIC TRENDS

STATE OF MONTANA

THOMAS L. JUDGE, GOVERNOR

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Mountain Bell Telephone Company

Employment, Hours and Earnings, and Labor
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U. S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor
Statistics, and the Manpower Administration

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A NOTE ABOUT BENCHMARKING AND SEASONAL ADJUSTMENT CHANGES

Because of new benchmarks and new seasonal adjustment factors, some of the series in this publication have been changed to take into account the latest information available. 1976 benchmarks, which reflect the most recent and complete estimates of employment, account for revisions to indicators dealing with total and industry detailed employment. These benchmark levels are revised annually to adjust for sampling errors and any changes to industrial classifications. In addition, all of those series requiring seasonal adjustment have also been revised to reflect the most recent seasonal adjustment factors. Changes in these seasonal series can be attributed to the inclusion of 1976 data in the BLS seasonal adjustment method.

#### SECOND QUARTER ANALYSIS

Throughout the second quarter of 1977, Montana's economy operated under the threat of mandatory energy curtailments. In western Montana some industries had already undergone a 10% decrease in hydroelectric power availability during the first quarter and further reductions were certainly possible. However, manufacturing displayed no signs of weakening. Employment increased to over 25,000 in June and Average Weekly Hours maintained very respectable levels with a quarterly average of 41.3 hours, an improvement of 2.0 hours over the same period a year ago. In fact, the economy as a whole seemed to be ignoring the warnings of state energy officials. The Seasonally-adjusted Unemployment Rate averaged 6.4% during the quarter, with the rate dropping to 5.9% in June compared with 7.9% in June of 1976.

Another effect of the lack of precipitation last winter was the danger of fire in timber areas. Anticipating the premature closure of the forests and the resultant decrease in the supply of logs, the lumber and wood products industry accelerated the harvesting of timber, building up their inventories. Thus, employment here also increased substantially in the second quarter. By June 10,300 were at work in this industry, and the expansion continued into July when 10,500 were employed. Unfortunately, prospects for the remainder of the third quarter are not bright, as early inventory build-up and fluctuating timber prices will adversely affect employment in this industry.

The movements of the <u>Leading Economic Indicators</u> for the second quarter were mixed. Accessions, New Hires, and the Quit Rate were down from the first quarter but all made advances in June. Layoffs were stable during the quarter - showing

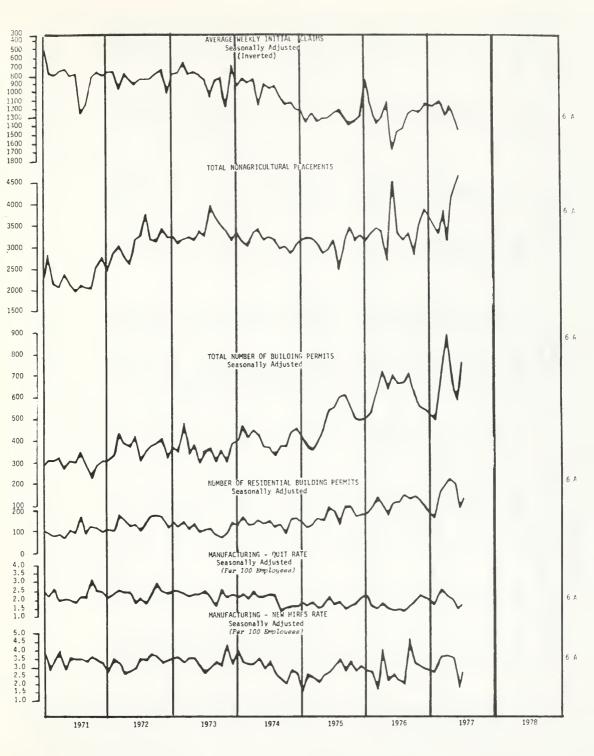
improvement entering the third quarter. Construction activity was stable and maintained the advances made in early 1977. Seasonally-adjusted Building Permits averaged 655 for April, May, and June - down slightly from 688 in the first quarter. Also, New Business Telephones were positive and June's figure of 286 is the highest in recent years.

The <u>Coinciding and Selected Indicators</u> displayed some inconsistencies during the period. While the employment related indicators were positive, some other economic indicators were down. New Car Registrations continued to perform poorly in the second quarter and partial figures for third quarter are worse. July's 1,906 registrations is the lowest total in recent years.

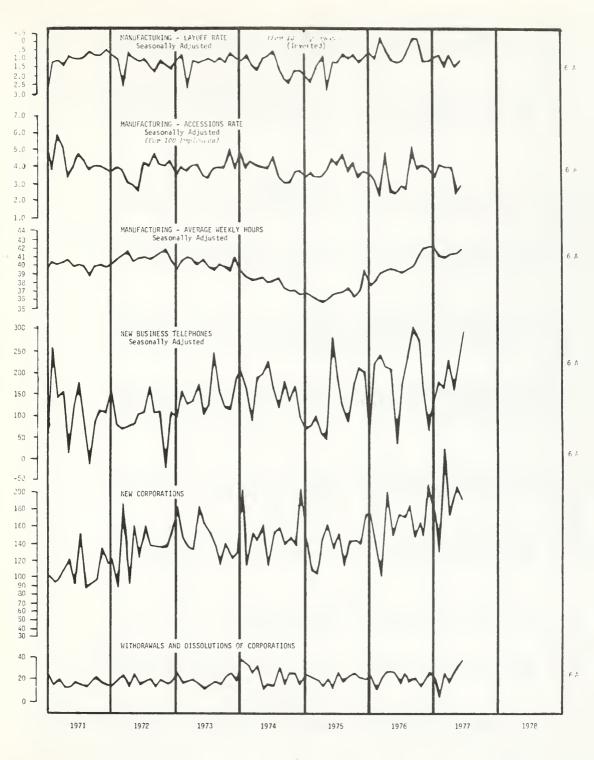
The <u>Composite Indicators</u> also lost momentum in second quarter. Both the Index of Economic Indicators and the Index of Marginal Employment decreased in May after improving throughout the previous two quarters. Although there was a slight improvement in June, no advances can be predicted for the third quarter.

Despite the uncertainty in some of the indicators, there appears to be no reason to suspect a downturn in the economy. The recent gains in employment and real spendable earnings should help maintain the present economic stability. However, there is no reason to expect a significant improvement in the economy. Energy problems have not been fully resolved and deflated farm cash receipts are still with us. No movement of the economy in either direction can be isolated; the behavior of the economic indicators only exemplifies the present contrasting trends within Montana's economy.

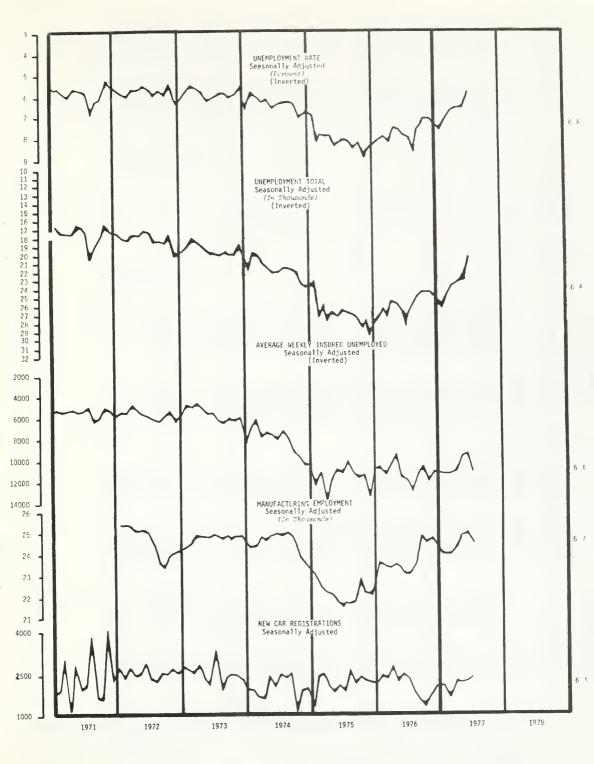
ires	VDS	23.33.33.1.44.55 3.33.33.33.33.33.33.33.33.33.33.33.33.3	2.77 1.77 1.77 1.77 1.77 1.77 1.77 1.77	21.33.44
MANUFACTURING New Hires ate Rate 1100 Employees)	UNADJ	0.8 1.7 1.7 1.7 1.7 4.8 4.2 4.2 4.2 1.5 1.5	2.1 0.9 3.6 3.3 4.7 2.8 5.0 1.9	1.8 2.5 2.6 8.8 8.8
MANUF Rate	VDJ	7.0.8.4.2.1.0.8.2.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0	200000000000000000000000000000000000000	1.6 2.0 1.9 1.4 1.7
MANUFAC Quit Rate (Per 100 E	UNIADJ	1.1 1.1 1.6 1.0 1.0 1.0	1.6 0.6 0.6 0.6 1.7 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.6	1.11.13.3.17.7.11.5
Number of esidential Building Permits	ADJ	139 1123 1123 1233 124 124 208 208 1165	179 200 250 209 165 225 234 241 256 235 183	158 277 391 361 177 240
Number of Residential Building Permits	UNADO	67 59 123 203 176 230 210 135 228 228 228 238 138 138	107 148 251 259 198 250 264 274 261 284 205 141	86 226 387 387 410 210 266
Total Number of Building Permits	ADO	370 370 363 363 400 456 557 600 601 611 566 568 508	514 545 548 618 723 700 668 672 719 614 553	472 696 898 643 643 742
To Numb Buil	UNADJ	176 148 302 523 582 582 698 668 730 720 720 644 404	276 319 319 553 845 767 860 781 807 834 692 443 324	232 467 831 765 710 905
_				
al ultura ents	ADJ	3,170 3,228 3,228 2,3648 2,935 3,153 3,153 3,165 3,165 3,165	3,141 3,334 3,475 3,432 4,506 3,324 3,324 3,344 2,828 3,347 3,519 3,519	3,508 3,365 3,865 3,186 4,120 4,585
Total Monagricultural Placements	UNADO	2,169 2,478 2,478 3,428 3,428 3,428 4,954 2,689 2,689	2,154 2,209 3,247 3,247 4,137 4,137 2,035 2,035 2,035 2,035 2,035	2,527 2,233 3,139 3,013 4,696 5,109
<i>ک</i> 8		11.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1	555555555555555555555555555555555555555	96.20
Weekly	ADJ	1,231 1,369 1,260 1,359 1,320 1,307 1,217 1,217 1,323 1,398 1,398 1,398	840 1,162 1,378 1,309 1,106 1,670 1,466 1,425 1,238 1,238 1,232 1,232 1,232 1,232	1,192 1,1310 1,182 1,286 1,489
Average Initial	UNADO	1,891 1,449 1,221 1,057 1,059 1,065 1,065 1,065 1,065 1,065 1,065 1,412 1,412 1,615 1,744	1,501 1,240 1,326 1,249 1,419 1,090 1,090 1,268 1,090 1,587 1,585	1,853 1,209 1,252 1,123 1,026 1,237
		1975 Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. Hay Jun. Jul. Aug. Sep. Oct. Hov.	1976 Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. May Jun. Jul. Aug. Sep. Oct. Mov.	1977 Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. May Jun. Jul. Aug. Sep. Oct. Mov. Dec.



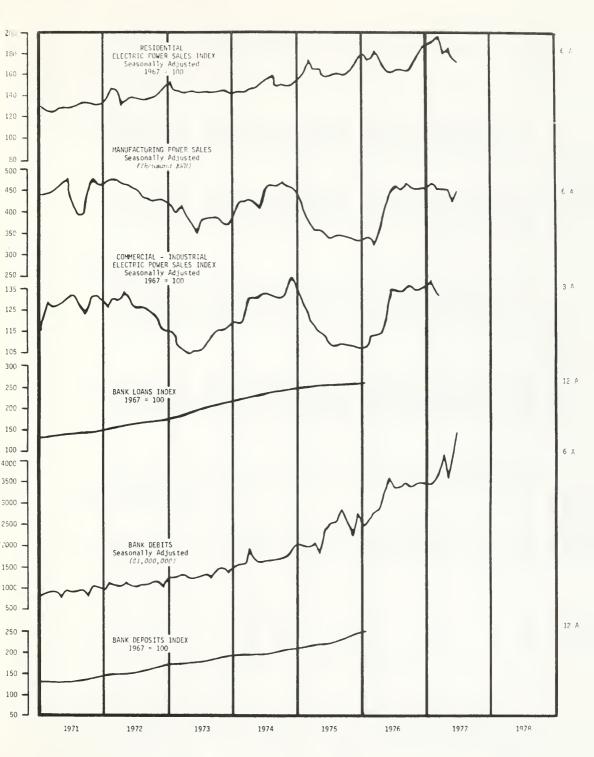
	Vithdrawals and Dissolutions	of Corporations	255 111 120 222 23 18	21 20 22 22 15 17 22 22 27	20 6 17 17 38
	New	Corpor- ations	138 104 102 138 151 132 148 109 137 137	170 132 101 198 144 170 167 163 163	173 125 249 172 203 187
	/ less lones	ADJ	66 73 96 53 40 278 190 182 80 164 207	57 235 235 210 203 31 167 232 301 270 157	185 167 242 154 226 286
i	New Business Telephones	UNADO	89 64 136 188 188 398 229 38 11 131	207 207 236 236 349 155 140 223 242 242 58	203 157 284 178 371 412
	age 1y rs	ADJ	36.9 36.7 36.1 35.8 36.0 36.8 36.9 37.4 37.1	37.8 38.3 39.1 39.1 39.7 39.5 39.5 47.1 47.2	42.2 41.0 40.3 <b>41.3</b> 41.7
<	Average Meekly Hours	UNADJ	37.2 36.3 35.8 35.9 36.7 37.2 37.2 37.3 36.6	38.1 37.9 38.7 38.7 38.6 39.7 39.6 39.6 40.6 41.7	40.6 40.6 41.5 41.9 9
9	te	ADJ		6.6.7.4.7.7.7.6.8.8.4.4.8.0.1.8.8.8.8.9.9.9.9.9.9.8.8.8.9.9.9.9.9.9	2.100.44.09.09.09.09.09.09.09.09.09.09.09.09.09.
	Accessions Rate Oyees)	UNIADO	00000401000000000000000000000000000000	21114 W.W.W.W. 4 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	5.5.8 8.3.7.2.8 8.3.7.2.8
MANUFACTURING	f Rate (Per 100 Employees)	ADJ	22.1 2.0 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.1 3.1 3.1 4.4 4.1 5.1 5.1 5.1 5.1 5.1 5.1 5.1 5.1 5.1 5	0.6 -0.3 -0.3 1.3 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2	0.9 0.8 1.6 1.5 1.2
	Layoff Rat <i>(Per</i>	UNADO	1.9 2.3 1.8 2.2 2.2 1.0 1.1 1.2 1.2 1.2	0.00 0.00	
			1975 Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. Jun. Jun. Sep. Oct. Nov. Dec.	1976 Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. May Jun. Jul. Aug. Sep. Oct. Nov.	1977 Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. Hay Jun. Jul. Sep. Oct. Nov.



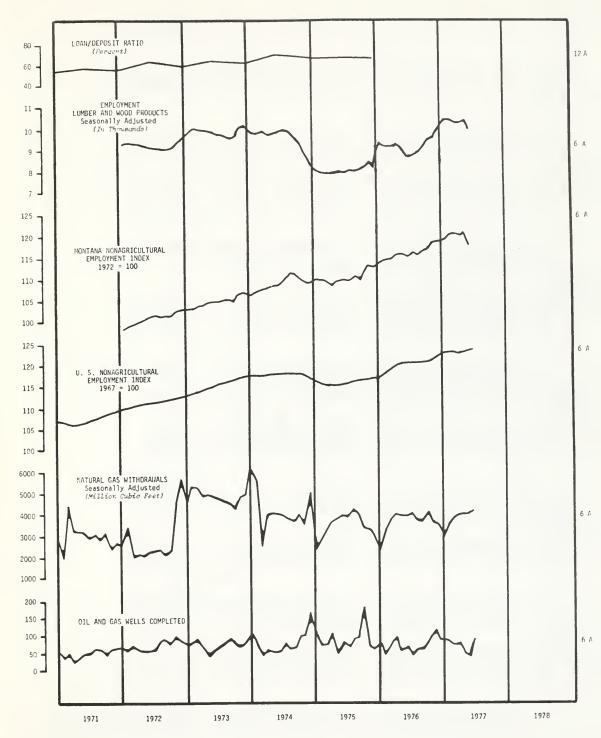
Car ations	ADJ	1,352 2,607 2,040 2,040 1,825 1,825 2,550	2,124 2,457 2,296 2,221	2,259 2,335 2,334 2,784 2,292 2,586 2,386 1,929 1,939 1,739 2,094	2,104 1,696 2,203 2,029 2,110 2,426
New Car Registrations	UNADO	485 2,145 2,620 2,340 1,999 2,030 2,197 2,197	2,263 2,809 2,334 1,773	1,339 2,273 2,273 3,080 2,621 2,621 2,698 1,765 1,765 1,765 1,745	1,158 1,455 2,181 2,279 2,462
Manufacturing Employment in <i>Thousands)</i>	ADJ	23.0 22.3 22.1 22.0 21.7 21.6 21.6	21.8 22.8 22.2 22.1	233.3 233.3 233.3 233.3 24.3 24.3 24.5	24.0 24.0 24.3 25.0 24.4
Manuf Empl	UNADJ	21.9 20.9 20.9 22.2 23.3 23.3	23.0 23.2 22.2 21.6	22.55 22.11 22.13 22.13 24.19 24.19 24.19 24.15 24.15 24.15	22.9 23.0 23.1 23.9 24.4 25.1
Average Weekly nsured Unemployed	ADJ	10,397 12,412 11,260 13,828 11,629 10,780 11,190	11,125 11,599 11,383 13,385	10,706 10,658 11,450 10,318 9,480 11,581 11,768 12,533 11,330 10,673 11,860	10,987 10,933 10,345 9,618 9,196 10,624
Avera	UNADO	14,013 16,960 14,015 15,065 10,669 8,430 9,290 7,530	7,526 9,202 11,430 15,027	14,264 15,281 14,187 11,593 8,543 9,180 9,875 9,888 7,598 7,598 12,023 12,023	14,516 15,593 13,072 10,912 8,270 8,198
Unemployment Total in Thousænds)	ADJ	23.1 25.8 27.7 26.8 26.3 26.3	26.8 28.0 27.6 29.6	27.1 26.5 27.1 25.3 25.6 27.0 27.0 28.9 28.9 24.8 24.1	26.2 23.3 23.3 23.2 20.3
Unempl To (in Tho	UNADO	28.9 31.4 29.3 28.0 23.6 29.4 25.6 23.0	22.5 24.2 26.6 30.1	32.8 30.8 30.8 25.6 22.4 26.4 25.2 27.6 27.6 27.6 27.6	31.9 29.4 27.0 23.7 19.9 22.8
employment Rate ( <i>Percent)</i>	ADJ	. %	8 8 8 8 1 4 1 7	101100000000000000000000000000000000000	5.00000
Unemploymen Rate (Percent)	UNADO	20.00.00.00.00 40.00.00.00.00	6.6 8.0 9.1	00000000000000000000000000000000000000	000000
		1975 Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. May Jun. Jun.	Sep. Oct. Nov. Dec.	1976 Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. Apr. Jun. Jun. Sep. Oct. Nov.	1977 Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. Apr. Jun. Jun. Sep. Sep. Oct. Nov.



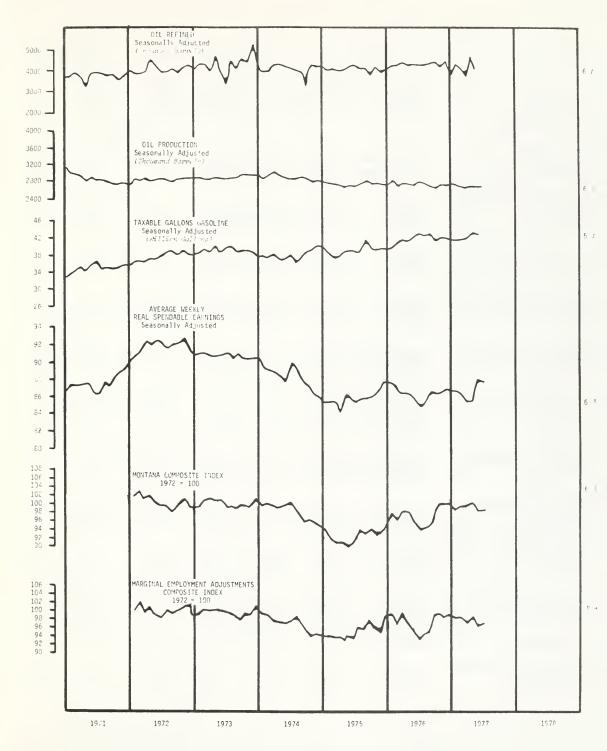
Bank Debits (\$1,000,000)	UNADO	2,069.7 2,001.3 1,648.6 1,950.1 1,863.7 1,994.2 1,932.1 2,027.4 2,388.2 2,340.7 2,67.9 2,567.9 2,567.9 2,567.9 2,567.9 2,362.4 2,365.2 2,367.1 2,704.1	00001348008878	3,481.6 3,412.0 3,243.2 3,578.0 3,967.4 4,117.4 3,464.0 3,563.6 4,164.6 4,040.7 4,717.2 4,664.3 SERIES
Bank Bank Loans Deposits Index Index	1967 = 100	252.0 225.2	SERIES DISCONTINUED	
Commercial- Industrial Electric Power Sales Index 1967 = 100	ADJ	127.3 122.9 117.0 111.9 110.7 106.1 103.2 104.9	111.2 109.1 109.2 109.8 119.3 131.9 127.9 134.3 130.1	137.5 131.8 124.5
Con Inc Elect Sale 1967	UNADJ	127.4 119.9 117.0 110.3 1111.0 102.5 102.7 103.6 105.0	111.4 106.0 109.1 107.5 1128.5 130.7 128.4 134.1 134.7	137.5 129.0 123.4
Manufacturing Power Sales Thousand KWH)	ADJ	404.4 387.0 360.3 348.4 351.2 335.0 335.2 335.4 326.4 326.4	325.9 330.1 311.5 345.1 406.7 4439.0 448.6 437.6 444.1 437.3	462.2 444.7 441.8 435.8 417.7 427.7
Manufacturin Power Sales (Thousænd KWH	UNADJ	424.2 388.4 388.4 373.9 351.3 349.1 321.3 317.8 319.7 318.7 329.2 331.2 331.2	346.2 3316.2 346.2 346.2 403.0 424.5 444.4 444.4 444.4 444.4	468.2 423.4 429.4 415.7 421.7 420.4
idential tric Power ss Index 7 = 100	ADJ	150.9 157.6 169.8 161.1 163.6 158.2 156.7 158.0 160.0 163.4	179.1 167.1 180.1 165.7 162.6 158.8 164.6 166.3 167.8 173.7	190.6 197.9 181.8 185.1 178.0 174.1
Resident Electric Sales Ir 1967 = 1	UNADO	188.5 191.3 181.7 163.8 155.5 139.0 137.1 141.1 141.1 159.1 187.7	216.8 201.1 191.7 168.7 154.5 139.4 145.1 145.0 169.0 204.2	228.3 232.1 193.3 188.2 170.0 154.5
		1975 Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. Apr. Jun. Jul. Aug. Sep. Oct. Nov.	1976 Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. May Jun. Jul. Sep. Oct. Nov.	1977 Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. May Jun. Jul. Sep. Oct. Nov.



Oil and	Gas Wells Completed	88 61 32 32 52 66 73 73 63 63	77 40 75 75 87 87 30 50 64 63 104	79 58 65 47 41 77	
l Gas awals Cu.Ft.)	ADJ	22, 23, 23, 23, 23, 23, 23, 23, 23, 23,	2,544 3,381 3,381 3,003 3,003 3,793 3,793 3,669 3,669	3,114 3,642 3,997 4,279 4,291 4,350	
Natural Gas Withdrawals (Milliom Cu.Ft.	UNADJ	4,096 3,605 3,914 3,118 3,202 3,157 3,737 3,737 4,023 4,213	4,182 3,996 4,262 3,539 3,284 3,227 4,180 4,180	4,734 4,231 4,557 3,815 3,637 3,599	
lltural : Index	U. S. **	115.3 114.6 114.6 114.8 115.1 115.6 115.8 115.9	117.6 118.1 118.6 119.0 119.7 119.8 119.8 119.7 120.5	121.2 121.8 121.0 123.0 123.4 123.8	
Nonagricultural Employment Index	MONTANA*	110.5 110.2 100.2 109.5 110.0 110.7 111.9 113.4	114.1 114.5 1115.5 1115.7 115.7 116.8 116.8	119.9 120.4 120.4 120.8 118.1	
ent- and oducts sææds)	ADJ	8 2 2 3 3 4 4 5 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	0.000000000000000000000000000000000000	10.3 10.3 10.1 10.1 9.9	1967 = 100
Employment- Lumber and Wood Products	UNADJ	KKK.5847.0888	8888889999999 6	9.6 9.7 9.9 10.0 10.3	** U.S.:
Loan/ Deposit Ratio (Percent)	UNADJ	64.5	SERIES		1972 = 100
		1975 Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. Apr. Jun. Jun. Jul. Sep. Sep. Oct. Nov. Dec.	1976 Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. Jun. Jul. Aug. Sep. Oct. Nov.	1977 Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. May Jun. Jul. Aug. Sep. Oct. Nov.	* MONTANA:



Marqinal Employ. Adjust. Index 1972=100	94.1 93.6 93.8 93.3 95.3 97.5 99.6 99.6 99.7	98.9 90.3 97.2 93.4 94.4 98.7 98.7	98.3 96.8 95.4 95.2 96.2
MONTANA Composite Index 1972=190	902.5 903.1 903.1 903.4 903.4 903.6 903.6	995.72 995.77 995.99 993.33 998.88 998.33 833	98.2 98.3 97.3 97.6
qe 1y able nqs ADJ	84.54 85.17 85.17 85.15 85.15 85.05 86.02 86.02 86.02	86.72 86.62 85.63 85.63 85.28 84.91 84.36 85.09 85.18	86.55 86.22 85.23 85.20 87.89 87.00
Average Weekly Snendable Earnings UNADJ	83.19 82.90 83.58 82.77 85.48 86.37 86.63 87.04 86.81 86.48	85.35 84.77 84.02 84.44 85.31 85.69 85.77 87.22 86.77 87.22 85.54	85.17 84.35 83.40 84.21 87.94 87.77
Gross Average Weekly Earnings	154.75 156.31 157.53 156.89 158.32 159.72 160.61 161.26 162.38 163.35 165.56	168.42 168.58 166.13 168.38 169.98 169.75 171.72 175.75 175.25	178.50 179.65 177.37 181.68 185.96 184.26
Gross Average Weekly Earning	152.28 152.80 155.09 154.22 157.24 160.81 165.07 165.98 165.34	165.89 164.98 163.70 165.50 168.84 170.88 172.67 175.69 177.79 175.02	175.94 176.00 174.94 178.69 184.79 185.26
nallons ine sænd ms) Afij	39,051 37,482 36,267 36,072 29,262 38,624 38,386 40,935 37,524 40,935 37,197 38,366	38,838 38,924 40,211 40,836 40,908 41,823 41,862 41,528 41,528 41,528 41,528 41,528 41,528 41,528	40,112 40,778 41,581 43,392 42,172
Taxable Gallons Gasoline (Thousænd Gallons)	32,027 28,261 30,835 32,217 38,603 42,723 51,173 51,450 43,364 39,571 33,913	31,913 29,664 34,652 36,979 40,059 45,853 54,836 55,278 44,233 44,233 40,610 37,794	33,237 31,499 35,958 39,534 41,227
Oil oduction Thousænd Barre Ls)	2,773 2,765 2,765 2,679 2,728 2,707 2,707 2,707 2,707 2,707	2,736 2,828 2,708 2,740 2,732 2,713 2,763 2,763 2,766 2,766	2,759 2,723 2,689 2,768 2,710 2,717
Oil Production (Thousand Barrels) UMADJ AD	2,768 2,768 2,761 2,761 2,767 2,707 2,777 2,778 2,694	2,732 2,613 2,707 2,819 2,665 2,665 2,738 2,738 2,738	2,757 2,505 2,787 2,737 2,795 2,666
Oil Refined (Thousand Barrels) NADJ ADJ	4,181 3,917 4,009 3,940 3,983 4,093 4,195 4,003 4,041 3,777 8,086	4,046 4,130 4,168 4,138 4,138 4,189 4,189 4,180 4,180 4,180 4,180 4,180 4,180 4,180 4,196	3,767 4,252 4,040 3,609 4,651 4,143
Oil Ref (Thouse Barre	4,269 3,569 3,569 3,547 4,229 4,599 4,135 4,135 3,670 3,947	4,136 3,809 3,809 3,709 4,342 4,613 4,167 4,167 4,206 4,331	3,858 3,983 3,200 4,226 4,226
	Jan. Mar. Apr. May Jun. Sep. Oct. Dec.	Dan. Mar. May. Jun. Sep. Oct.	Jan. Mar. May. Jun. Sep. Oct.
	1975	1976	1977



			MONTH	PERCENT CHANGE			
INDICATOR LEADING INDICATORS	UNIT		st Month 1977	Last Month	Last Year	Last Month	Last Year
Initial Claims Seasonally Adjusted Unadjusted	Avg.No./Wk. Avg.No./Wk.	Jun: Jun:	1,489 1,237	1,286 1,026	1,670 1,419	15.8 20.6	-10.8 -12.8
Nonagricultural Placements Seasonally Adjusted Unadjusted	Number Number	Jun: Jun:	4,585 5,109	4,120 4,696	4,506 5,035	11.3	1.8
Total Building Permits Seasonally Adjusted Unadjusted	Number Number	Jun: Jun:	742 905	581 710	700 860	27.7 27.5	6.0 5.2
Residential Building Permits Seasonally Adjusted Unadjusted	Number Number	Jun: Jun:	240 266	177 210	225 250	35.6 26.7	6.7 6.4
Quit Rate Seasonally Adjusted Unadjusted	Rate/100 Rate/100	Jun: Jun:	1.7	1.4	1.2	21.4 11.8	41.7 35.7
New Hıres Rate Seasonally Adjusted Unadjusted	Rate/100 Rate/100	Jun: Jun:	2.6 4.8	1.7	2.5	52.9 84.€	4.0 2.1
Layoff Rate Seasonally Adjusted Unadjusted	Rate/100 Rate/100	Jun: Jun:	1.2	1.5	1.3	-20.0 -55.6	-7.7 -20.0
Accession Rate Seasonally Adjusted Unadjusted	Rate/100 Rate/100	Jun: Jun:	2.8 5.8	2.1	2.4	33.3 75.8	16.7 7.4
Average Weekly Hours - Mfg. Seasonally Adjusted Unadjusted	Hours Hours	Jun: Jun:	41.7 41.9	41.4	39.4 39.6	0.7	5.8 5.8
New Business Telephones Seasonally Adjusted Unadjusted	Number Number	Jun: Jun:	286 412	226 371	31 155	26.5 11.1	822.6 165.8
New Corporations	Number	Jun:	187	203	170	-7.9	10.0
Withdrawals & Dissolution of Corporations	Number	Jun:	38	26	15	46.2	153.3

		MONTHLY DATA				PERCENT CHANGE		
INDICATOR	UNIT		st Month 1977	Last Month	Last Year	Last Month	Last Year	
COINCIDING INDICATORS								
Unemployment Rate Seasonally Adjusted Unadjusted	Percent Percent	Jun: Jun:		6.7 5.7	7.9 8.1	-11.9 8.8	-25.3 -23.5	
Unemployment Total Seasonally Adjusted Unadjusted	Thous ands Thous ands	Jun: Jun:		23.2 19.9	26.3 28.7	-12.9 14.1	-23.2 -20.9	
Insured Unemployed Seasonally Adjusted Unadjusted	Avg.Wkly.No. Avg.Wkly.No.	Jun: Jun:	10,624 8,198	9,196 8,270	11,581 9,180	15.5 -0.9	-8.3 -10.7	
Manufacturing Employment Seasonally Adjusted Unadjusted	Thous ands Thous ands	Jun: Jun:		25.0 24.4	23.0 23.7	-2.4 2.9	6.1 5.9	
New Car Registrations Seasonally Adjusted Unadjusted	Number Number	Jun: Jun:		2,110 2,279	2,586 2,621	15.0 8.0	-6.2 -6.1	
Residential Power Sales Seasonally Adjusted Unadjusted	Index Index	Jun: Jun:		178.0 170.0	158.8 139.4	-2.2 -9.1	9.6 10.8	
Manufacturing Power Sales Seasonally Adjusted Unadjusted	Thous. KWH Thous. KWH	Jun: Jun:		417.7 421.7	439.0 424.5	2.4 -0.3	-2.6 -1.0	
Commercial - Industrial Power Sales Seasonally Adjusted Unadjusted	Index Index	Mar: Mar:	124.5 123.4	131.8 129.0	109.2 109.1	-5.5 -4.3	14.0 13.1	
Bank Loans	Index 1977		Informa	tion not	available.			
Bank Debits Seasonally Adjusted Unadjusted	\$1,000,000 \$1,000,000		4664.3 4717.2	4040.7 4164.6	3575.0 3626.1	15.4 13.3	30.5 30.1	
Bank Deposits	Index 1977		Informa	tion not	available.			

			MONT	PERCENT	PERCENT CHANGE		
INDICATOR	UNIT	Latest Month		Last Month	Last Year	Las t Month	Last Year
SELECTED INDICATORS							
Employment - Lumber and Wood Products Seasonally Adjusted Unadjusted	Thous ands Thous ands	Jun: Jun:	9.9 10.3	10.2 10.0	8.7 9.1	-2.9 3.0	13.8 13.2
Montana Nonag. Employment	Index	Jun:	118.1	120.8	114.2	-2.2	3.4
U.S. Nonag. Employment	Index	Jun:	123.8	123.4	119.4	0.3	3.7
Natural Gas Withdrawals Seasonally Adjusted Unadjusted	Mil.Cu.Ft. Mil.Cu.Ft.	Jun: Jun:	4,350 3,599	4,291 3,637	3,903 3,138	1.4 -1.0	11.5 14.7
Oil & Gas Wells Completed	Number	Jun:	77	41	59	87.8	30.5
Oil Refined Seasonally Adjusted Unadjusted	Thous. Bbls	Jun: Jun:	4,143 4,281	4,651 4,226	4,205 4,342	-10.9 1.3	-1.5 -1.4
Oil Production Seasonally Adjusted Unadjusted	Thous. Bbls Thous. Bbls	Jun: Jun:	2,717 2,666	2,710 2,795	2,713 2,665	0.3 -4.6	0.1
Taxable Gallons Gasoline Seasonally Adjusted Unadjusted	Thous. Gals Thous. Gals	May: May:	42,172 41,227	43,392 39,534	40,908 40,059	-2.8 4.3	3.1 2.9
Average Weekly Real Spendable Earnings Seasonally Adjusted Unadjusted	Dollars Dollars	Jun: Jun:	87.00 87.77	87.89 87.94	84.91 85.69	-1.0 -0.2	2.5 2.4
Loan/Deposit Ratio	Percent 1977		Inform	ation no	t availab	le.	
COMPOSITE INDICATORS							
Montana Composite Index	Index	Jun:	97.6	97.3	93.3	0.3	4.6
Marginal Employment Index	Index	Jun:	96.2	95.6	93.4	0.6	3.0

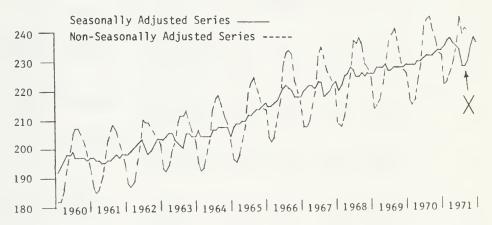
APPENDIX I

GLOSSARY

<u>Seasonal Adjustment</u> - A mathematical procedure in which certain monthly or yearly variations such as climate, holidays, vacation practices, etc., are removed from the statistics. The purpose of this is to simplify analysis over a long period of time and to highlight such non-seasonal occurances as strikes, natural disasters, floods, earthquakes, etc.

Non-Seasonally Adjusted - or "raw" data will not always reflect such occurances precisely because of seasonal influences. For example, the following chart is a graph of total nonagricultural employment for the State of Montana for the years 1960 to 1971.





Note the erratic nature of the non-adjusted data, and that a non-seasonal phenomena occurred in 1971 directly above the "X" mark. During this period a labor-management dispute occurred and the seasonally adjusted figures emphasize this point whereas the dispute is not readily apparent in the non-adjusted data. A word of caution is due at this point about non-adjusted and adjusted data. Adjusted data is not a "substitute" for actual data, and should in no way be used as such.

<u>Economic Indicators</u> - Statistical time series whose cyclical characteristics are known and fairly stable, particularly in the timing of their cyclical peaks and troughs relative to business cycle turns. Economic Indicators are used for the interpretation of current, and the anticipation of prospective, business conditions.

<u>Leading Indicators</u> - An economic series that tends to reverse direction sufficiently in advance of changes in total business activity. The peaks and troughs of this type of indicator generally occur from three to several months previous to the peak or trough in total business activity.

<u>Coincidental Indicators</u> - An economic series that tends to parallel the same general pattern of total business activity.

<u>Selected Indicators</u> - A cyclical time series whose true value as an **e**conomic indicator is not yet known.

<u>Lagging Indicators</u> - An economic series that tends to reverse direction (reach its peaks or troughs) some time after the total business pattern has changed.

Other Indicators - A statistical series that combines the cyclical changes of the other types of economic indicators. For example, personal income generally lags at the peaks, and leads at the troughs of total business activity.

Montana Composite Index - A composite of six leading indicators of employment and economic activity: Building Permits, Manufacturing Employment, Average Weekly Hours, Average Weekly Initial Claims, Accession Rate and Layoff Rate. A reverse trend has been used for Layoff Rate and Average Weekly Initial Claims. The components are converted to series of standardized changes and weighted according to their significance and reliability as economic indicators in making the composite. This composite index is not comparable to the U. S. composite index as published in "Business Conditions Digest", U. S. Department of Commerce.

Marginal Employment Adjustments Index - A composite of four leading indicators of employment changes or adjustments: Average Weekly Hours, Average Weekly Initial Claims, Layoff Rate, and Accession Rate. In producing the composite these components are seasonally adjusted, converted to series of standardized changes, and weighted according to their significance and reliability as economic indicators. This composite indicator tends to lead changes in the unemployment rate by approximately five months.

Labor Turnover - The movement of wage and salary workers in and out of employment status.

<u>Accessions</u> - All permanent or temporary additions to the employment rolls, which include new hires and other accessions.

<u>New Hires</u> - Permanent and temporary additions to employment rolls of persons who have never been employed by a specific reporting establishment. This includes former employees who have been rehired although not specifically recalled by the reporting employer.

Other Accessions - Additions to the employment rolls of transfers from other establishments of the same company; employees returning from military service or unpaid leaves of absence; employees specifically recalled by an employer.

<u>Separations</u> - The termination of employment of persons who quit, are laid off, discharged, retire, die, are inducted into the military for service exceeding 30 consecutive days, suffer physical disabilities, or are transferred to other divisions of the same company.

Quits - The termination of employment initiated by an employee for any reason other than retirement, transfer, or service in the Armed Forces.

<u>Layoffs</u> - Suspension from pay status of an employee, expected to last seven consecutive days. This action must be initiated by the employer without prejudice to the worker, for reasons such as lack of orders, model changeover, termination of seasonal employment, inventory-taking, plant breakdown, shortage of materials.

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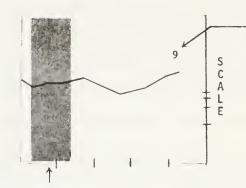
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APPENDIX II

KEY



Arabic numbers above graph lines indicate the last month of the year for which data have been plotted.

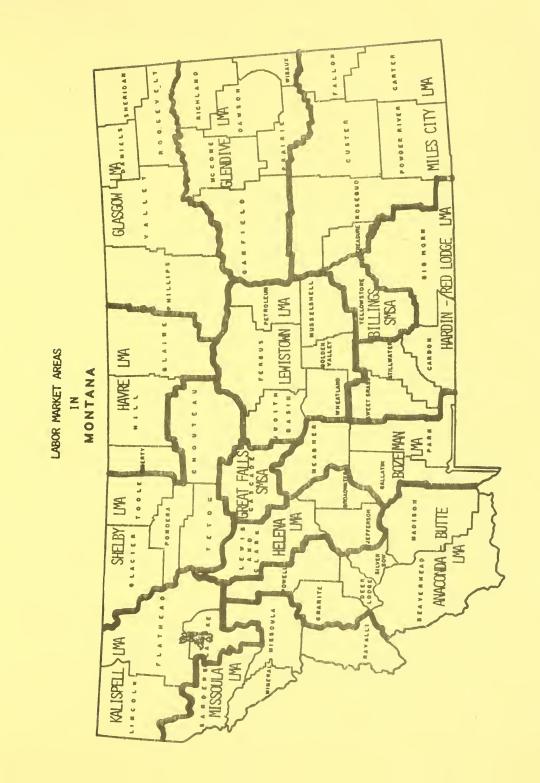
"A" indicates that scale is arithmetic.
"L1", "L2", or "L3" indicate a ratio
(semilogarithmic) scale of 1, 2, or 3
decks respectively.

Shaded areas on the graph indicate recession periods in the United States as designated by the National Bureau of Economic Research.

Broken lines on graphs indicate that data is not available for that time period.

Montana's indicators have been classified into three types; Leading, Coinciding, and Selected. The classification of Montana's Leading and Coinciding Indicators parallels the Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis classification. This has been done to facilitate an easier and more accurate comparison of individual indicators with those of the nation. (This classification, however, does not mean that the Montana Employment Service has endorsed any particular economic theory.)

Historical data available upon request.



EMPLOYMENT SECURITY DIVISION
DEPARTMENT OF LABOR AND INDUSTRY
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POSTAGE AND FEES PAID EMPLOYMENT SECURITY MAIL LAB 449

OFFICIAL BUSINESS

The Montana State Employment Security Division maintains 23 local Job Service Offices in the principal cities of Montana. You are invited to call on any of these offices for assistance in filling positions in your organization, additional labor market information, and for other services in connection with your employment problems.